









Masterplan Ieper De Vloei 25 03 10 - Lille







VV



- Intro: leper
- Project stages
- Project ambitions
- Site visit and workshop
- Masterplan



Ieper (Ypres)



















Compact city in open landscape



Project area



Project stages

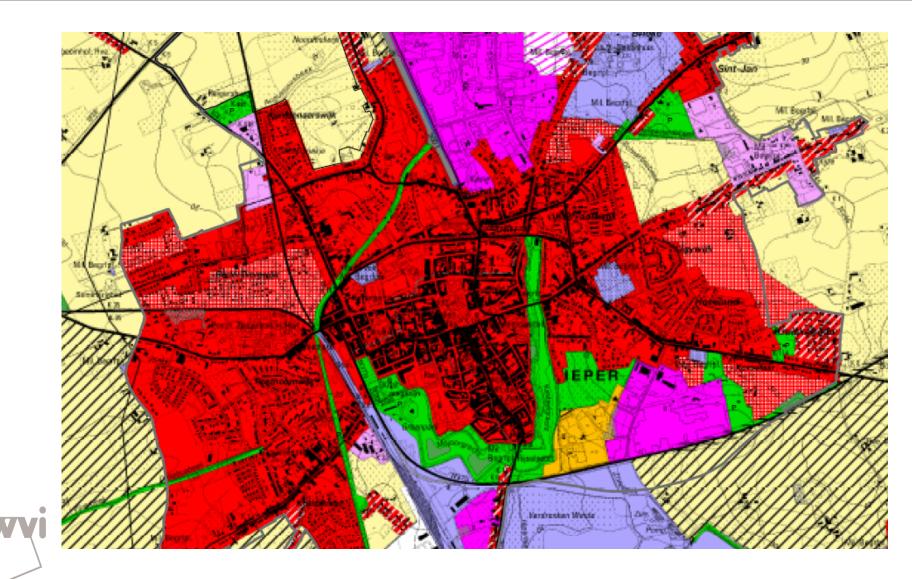


Earlier project stages

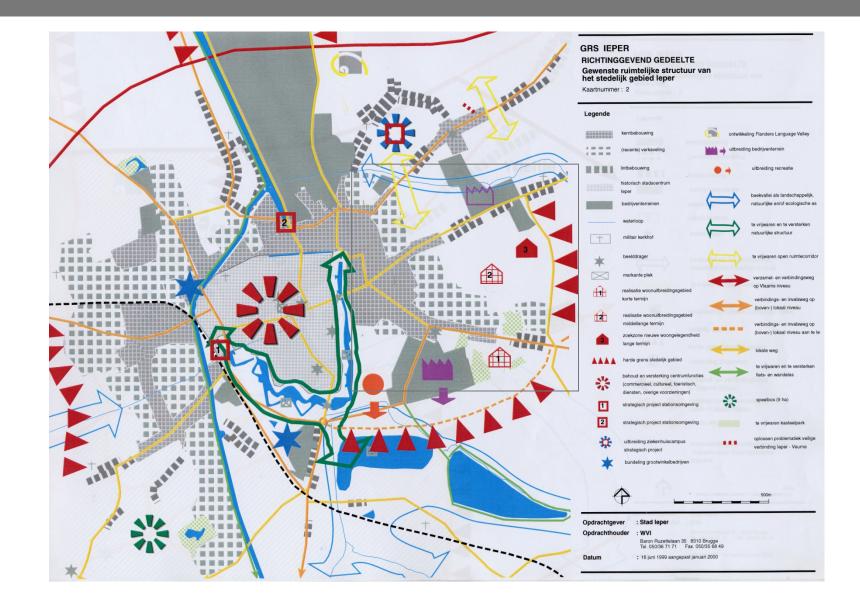
- Regional land-use plan (1978)
- Spatial planning structure scheme (2000)
- Urban design (2006)
 "Stad aan de Poort" ("City at the Gate")
- Land use plan 'Oostsector' (in progress)



Regional land-use plan



Structure scheme – Ieper (2000)



WYI

Provincial urban demarcation plan





Urban design 2006





Earlier project stages

Collaboration agreement (nov. 2007)

- Ieper (Ypres)
- Wvi intermunicipal organisation
- Social housing company 'Ons Onderdak'
- Province West Flanders



Earlier project stages

- Collaboration agreement (nov. 2007)
 - Realization of a sustainable urban extension
 - Awareness rising and gaining support for sustainability
 - Gathering experience and tools for future projects



Project ambitions



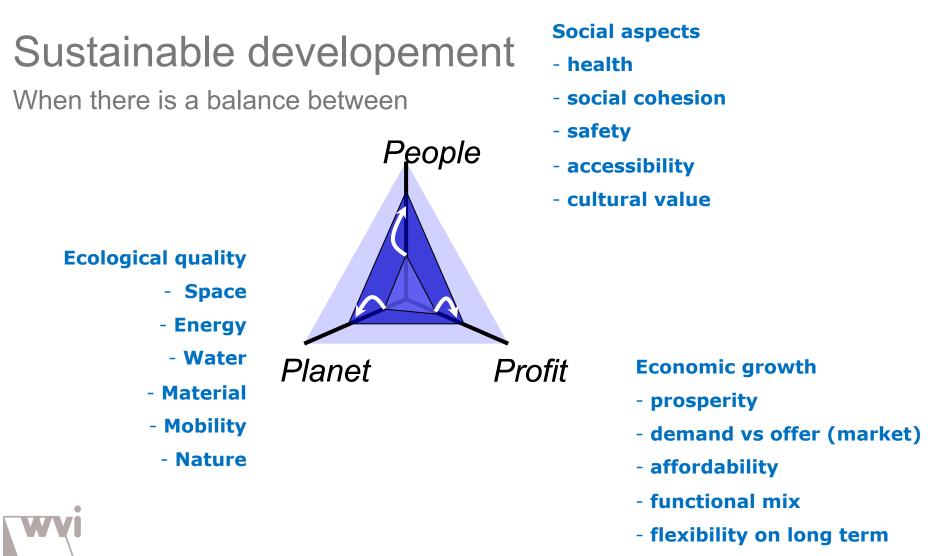
Sustainability

Sustainable development

UN-conference 1987, Brundtland report 'Our common Future'

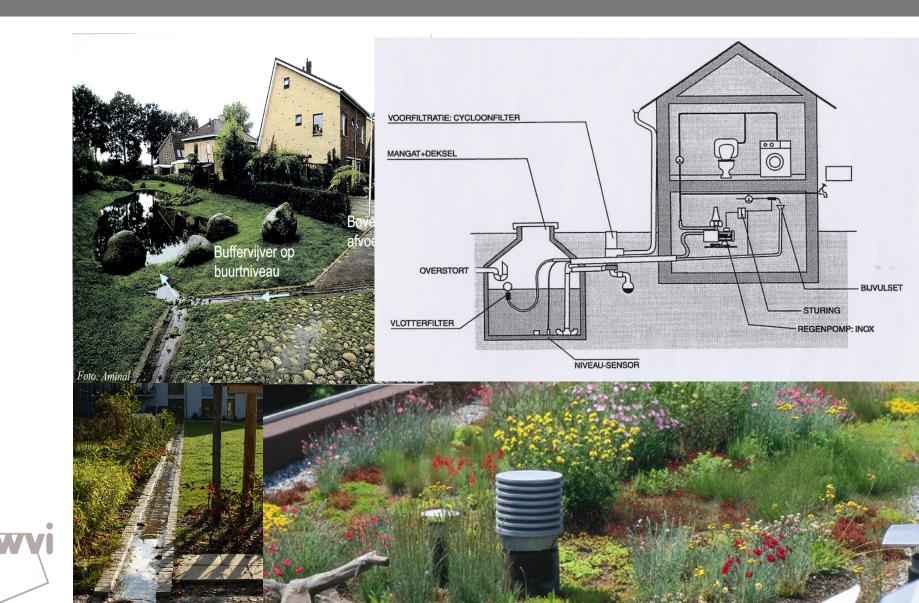


Sustainability



- strong image

Water



Energy



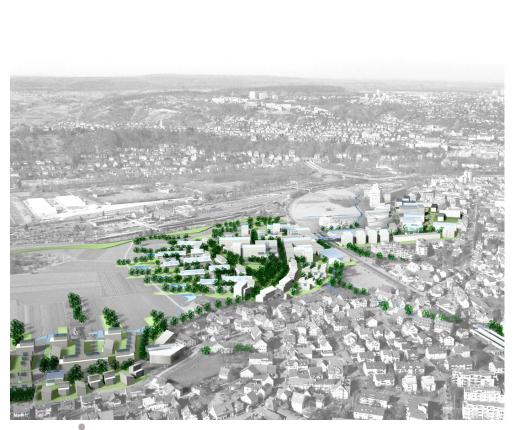


Material



wyi

Green and landscape



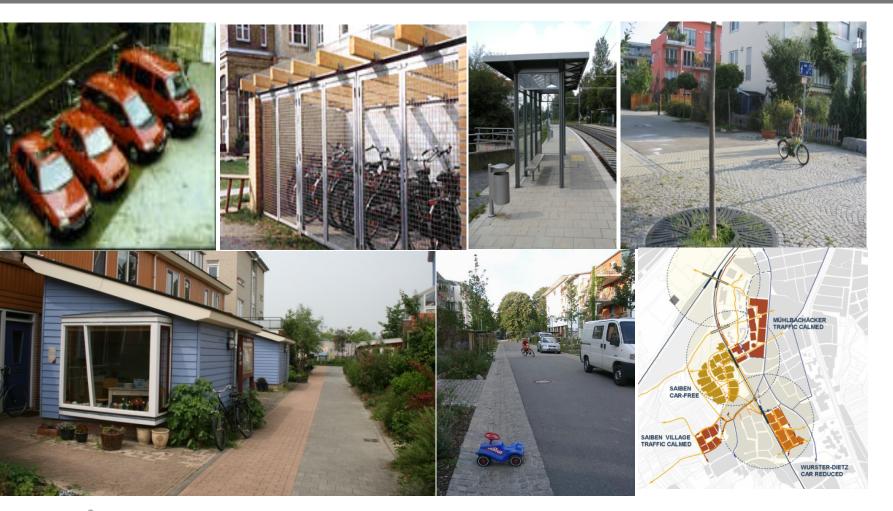




Social aspects

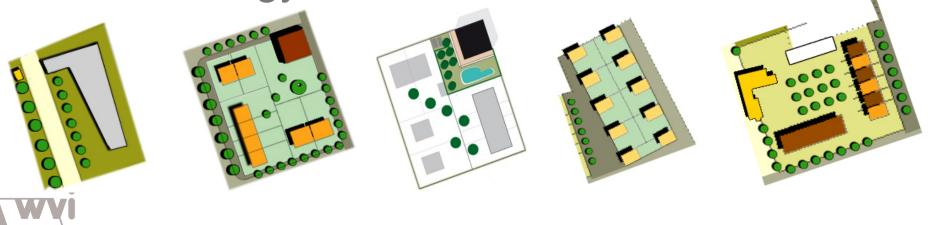


Mobility



Prosperity

- Funded infrastructure
- Cost-cutting infrastructure design
- Multifunctional use of space
- Variation in housing types
- Lower energy costs



Site visit and workshop

From ambitions to masterplan



Bird's-eye view



Bird's-eye view



Bird's-eye view

Active farm

Reconstruction architecture farm

Pool

Degraded farm

Sociale Housing Hovelandstraat

Playing field

Koerierspad Bike & footpath

Ligy-wijk Garden city

Actual situation





Actual situation





Actual situation





Workshop

Participants

- Ieper mayor, aldermen, technicians
- Province West-Flanders
- Social housing company representatives
- Wvi technicians
- External experts



Workshop

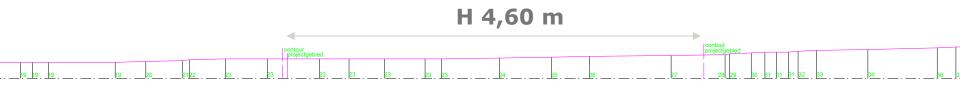
Team 1: blue green network

- Infiltration possibilities were unclear
- Height difference: 4.60 m
- Concept of 4 'terraces'
- Water as spatial quality









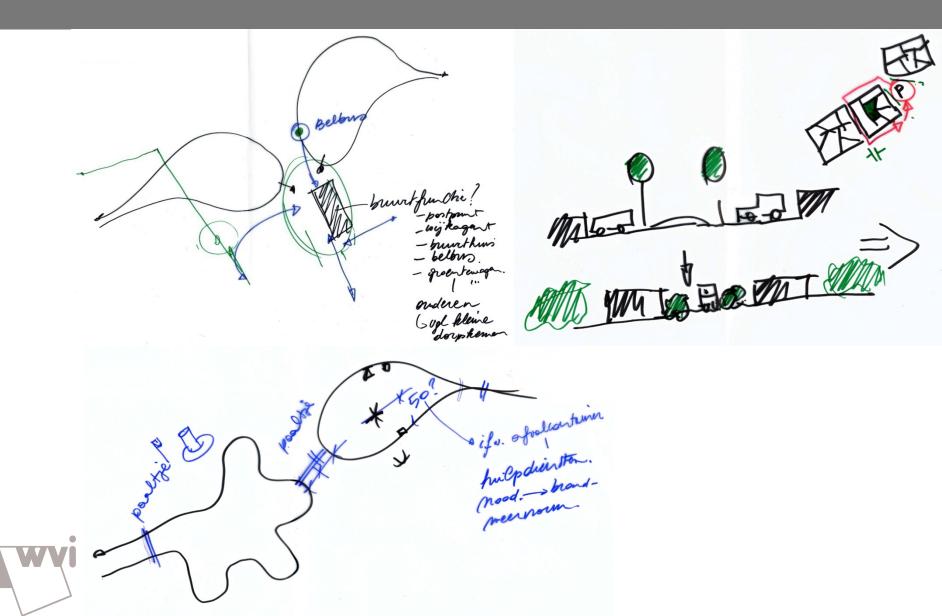




Team 2: smart mobility

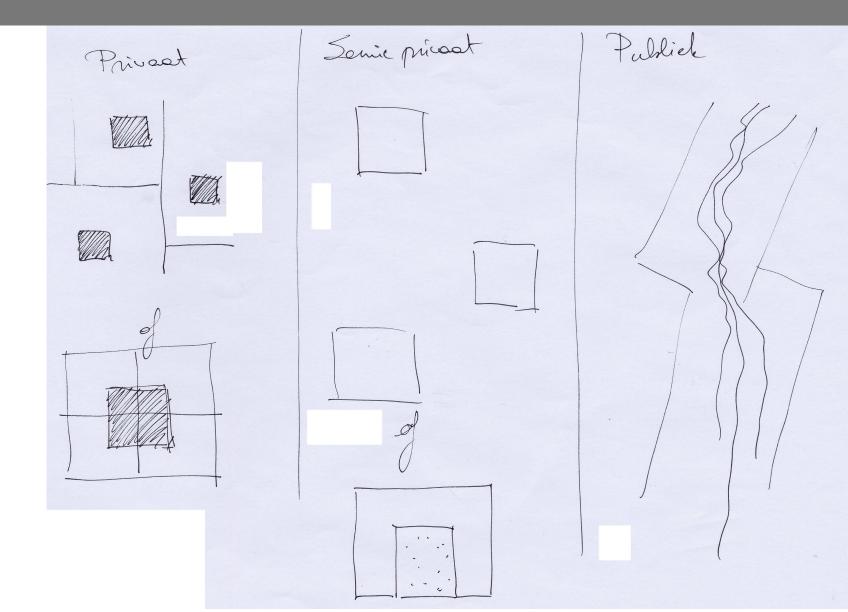
- No connection between entry roads
- 2 loops + shortcut for bus
- Parking docks
- Maximize accesibility





- Team 3: Housing and density
 - Social mix on building-block level
 - Density: 25 dw/ha
 - Orientation and implantation to allow efficient use of garden and natural light.
 - Garden-sharing between public and private green space



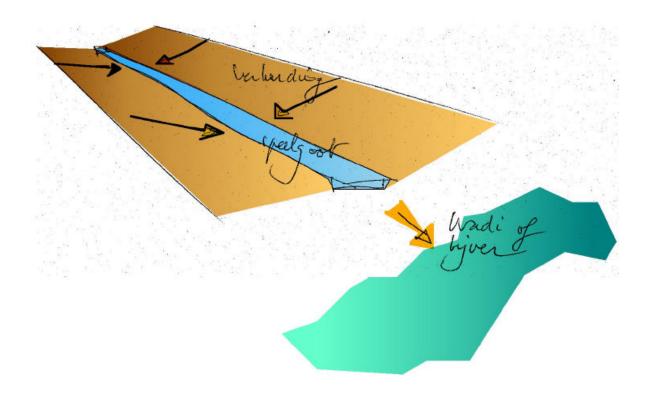


Masterplan



Height difference

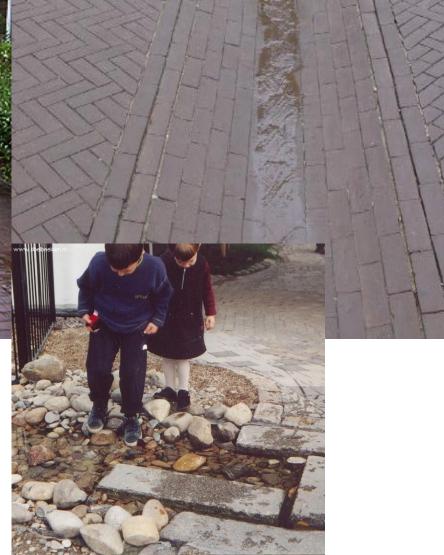
 Use of the height difference for natural draining of all rainwater



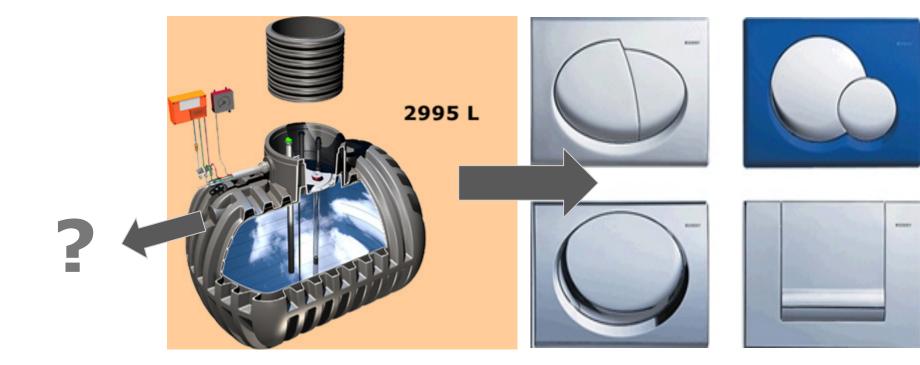


No rainwater sewer: water becomes a design element



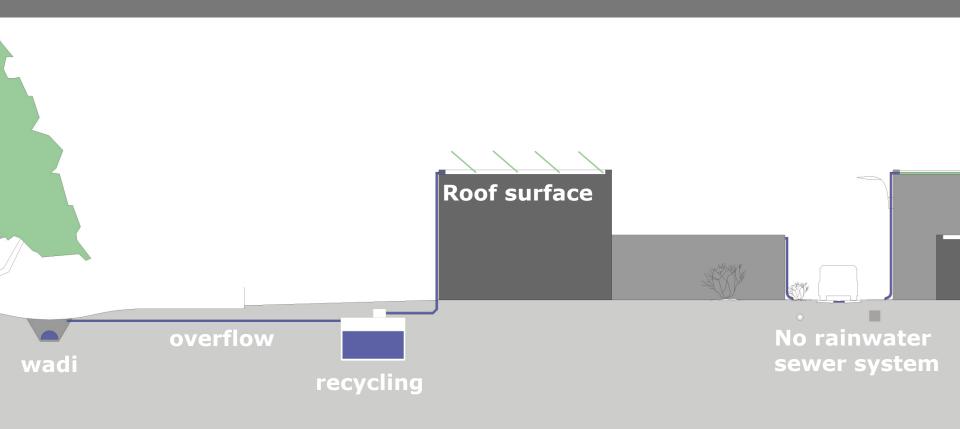


Re-use of rainwater: what about the overflow?





Typical section



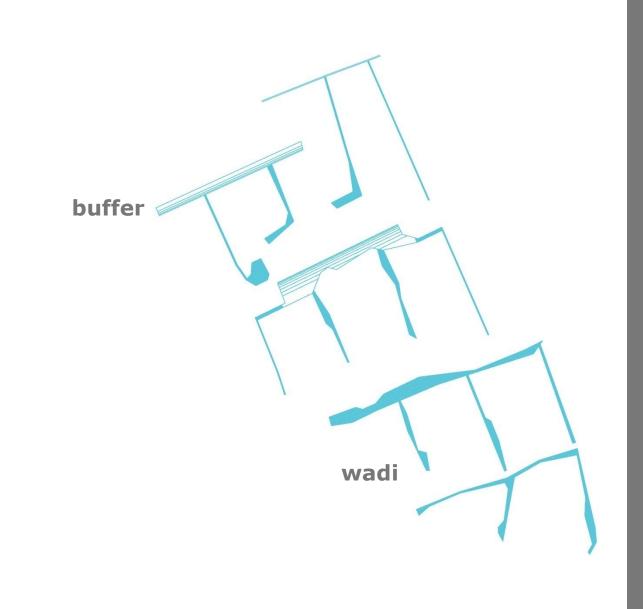




4 terraces



Water: comb -structure





- Water
 - Blue network as a carrier for green space





Blue network as a carrier for green space



Water: adventure for children



Blue and green as good conditions for social cohesion

Water carries public and

sem 1 rivate Spa Ces



Buffer capacity in main public space

Courtyard with wadi inside the building block

MV

Parking

- Reducing the space used for cars by
 - Bundling parking docks
 - Not allowing car traffic in parts of the quarter
- More public space as a 'playfull network'



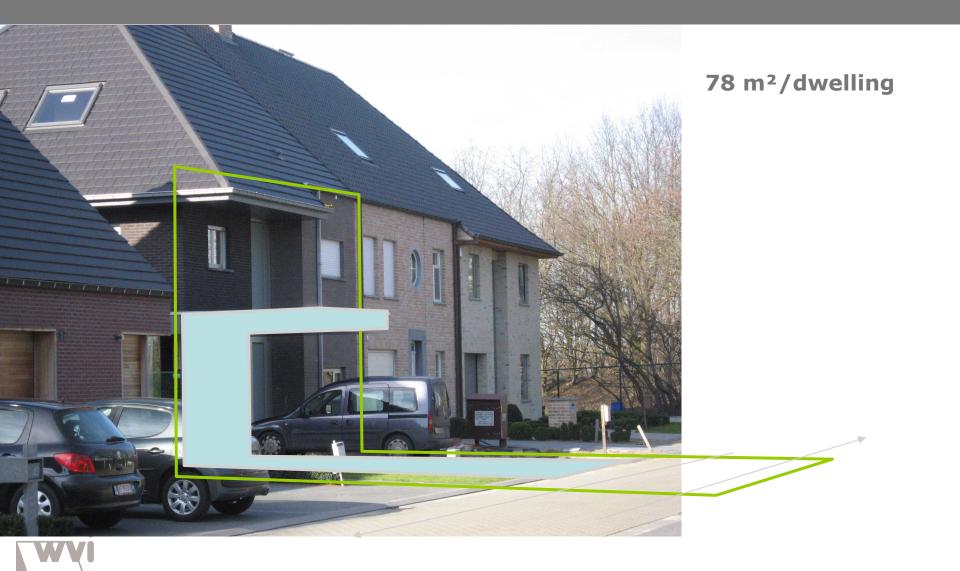
Cars use space...



WVi

The Jeep parking space event took place over a few weeks in the spring of 2007 in Copenhagen. Our object of communication was to make the Jeep brand part of the urban environment in a surprising way.

Parking: typical solution



Parking-dock solution



62,5 m²/dwelling

gain: 15,5 m² + spatial quality

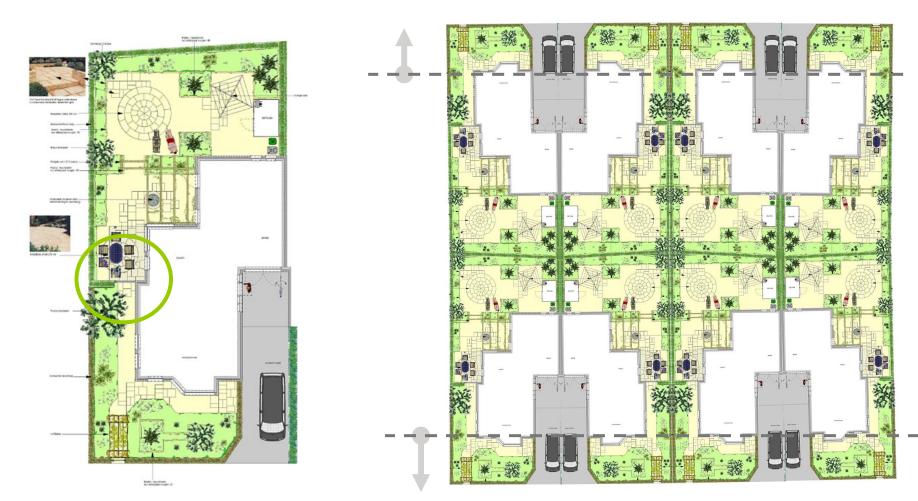
Parking docks can be transformed as community infrastructure



Parking dock: key to gardens

- No front garden nor garages: dwellings can be moved closer to the street
- Streets can be narrow
- Garden (or other car free spaces) can be bigger
- Houses become healthier, and consume less energy







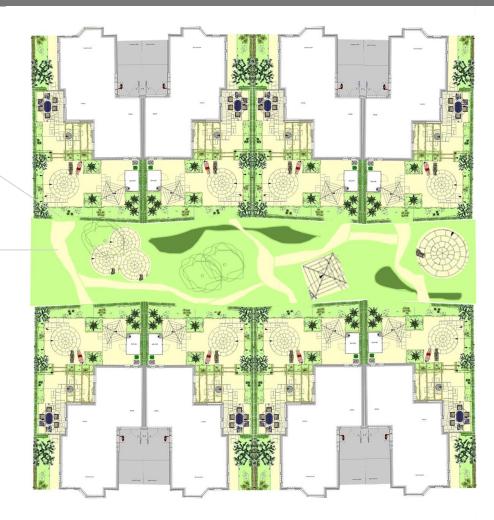
Move dwellings up to the street: no front garden





Result: extra space in the back





No need for fencing

Sharded garden: place for - playing outside - party's - gardening







- Garden-sharing: co-ownership by buildingblock inhabitants.
- Design and maintenance: ownership agreement is needed
- Participation as key to stronger social cohesion in the neighbourhood







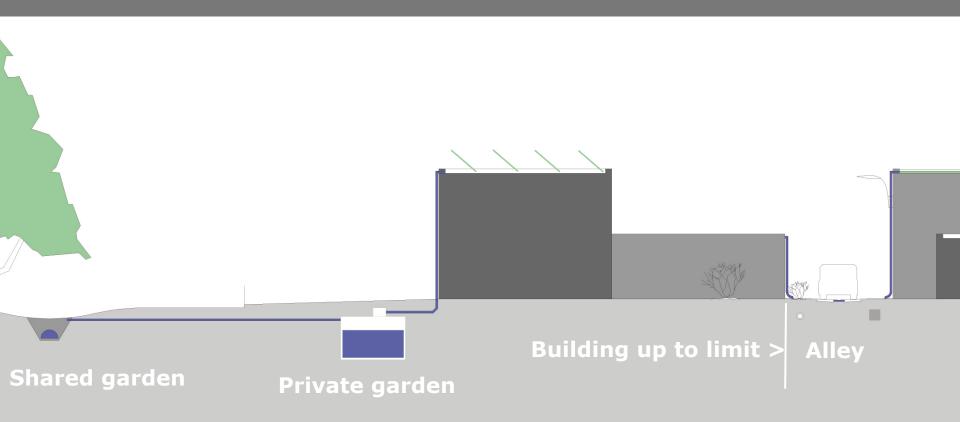


sem rivate Spa Ces



sharing

Typical section





- Traffic
 - 2 'loops' (no connection for cars through the area)
 - Introducing 'alleys', where cars can deliver goods, but cannot park.



efining concepts





leys

and

parking

docks

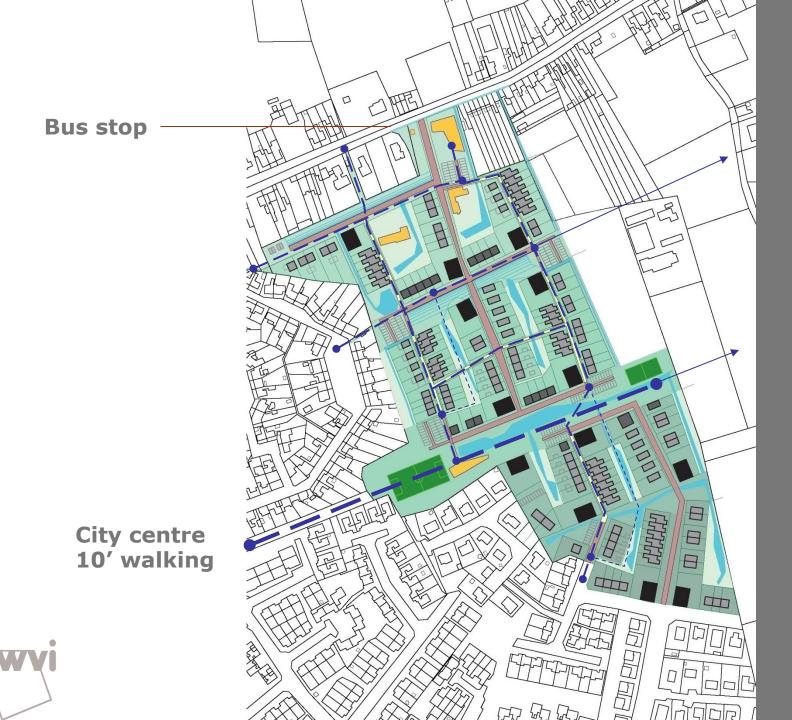
parking dock

Min. 62 units (ca 25%)



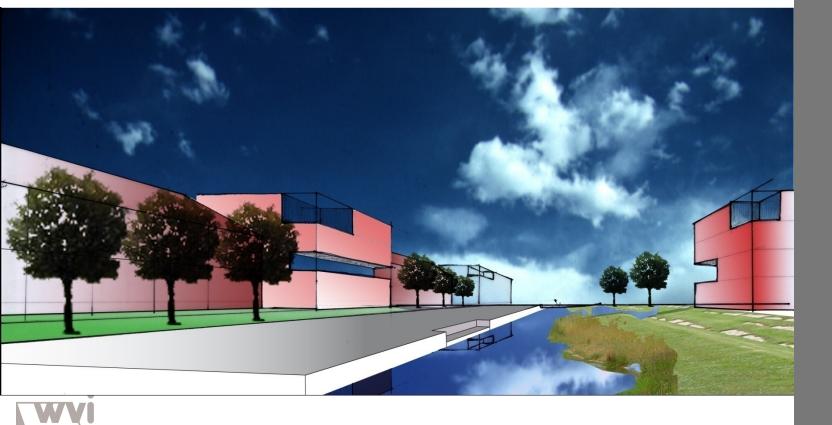








Public Space



	(m²)
Total area	99.509
Courtyards	12.062
Building plots	50.964
To privatise	63.026
Public space	36.483
Dwellings Appartements Farm buildings Total	(n) 189 66 2 257

% publ. space 35%



PROCES	POP – ROP PROJECT DEVELOPPEMENT SPATIAL PLANNING	DO-IT SUSTAINABILITY DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION TRAJECTORY	CP COMMUNICATION PROCESS	FC (Future Cities – interreg project)
INITIATIVE	IEPER	Wvi	IEPER	Wvi,
STRUCURE	Project-team	Sounding-board team		
Proces stages	1 Demarcation plan	1 Ambitions (CBS 08/07/08)	1 Training officials and politicians	1 Guidelines
	2 Land-use plan	2 Masterplan + checking developpement and spatial planning	2 information to/from key figures	2 Action plans
	3 Visual-quality plan	plans 3 Realization: coaching of the process	3 sensibilisation architects, contractors, devellopers	3 Implementation and evaluation
	4 Allotment plan	4 communication process (cfr. CP)	4 Public sensibilisation	4 Creating support
	5 Subsidies		5 Participation future inhabitants and surrounding quarters	
	6 Infrastructure plans			



Actual Planning situation

Standard procedure

- Sketch design (discussed wth stakeh.)
- Masterplan (containing all information)
- Allotment plan
- Infrastructure plans



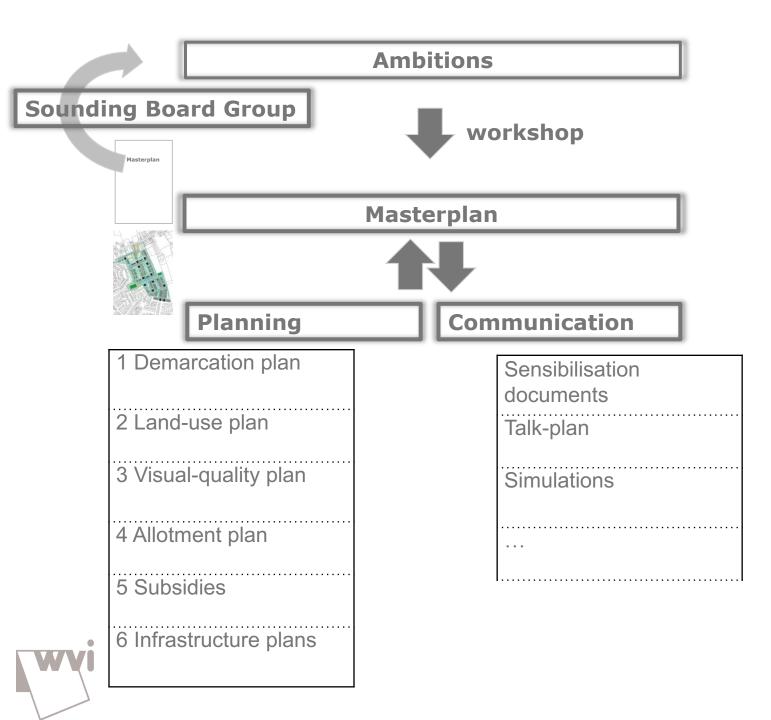


Actual Planning situation

- Demarcation plan has been approved
- Masterplan as 'foundation' for
 - Land use plan
 - Allotement plan
 - Visual Quality plan



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Thank you for your attention

For more information, please check:

www.wvi.be www.ieper.be www.future-cities.eu





west-vlaamse intercommunale dienstverlenende verenigi

